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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO
10/758,550	01/14/2004	Shinichi Shoji	OMRNP073	5997
22434	7590 05/19/		EXAMINER	
BEYER W	EAVER & THOM	KRAMSKAYA, MARINA		
P.O. BOX 70250 OAKLAND, CA 94612-0250			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			2858	
			DATE MAILED: 05/19/2006	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)			
	10/758,550	SHOJI ET AL.			
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit			
	Marina Kramskaya	2858			
The MAILING DATE of this communication app		1			
Period for Reply					
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING D.  Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.1 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period of Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION  136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be ting will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the cause the application to become ABANDONE	N. imely filed in the mailing date of this communication. ED (35 U.S.C. § 133).			
Status		•			
1)⊠ Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>17 A</u>	pril <u>2006</u> .	•			
	·				
3) Since this application is in condition for allowa	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is				
closed in accordance with the practice under E	<i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 4	53 O.G. 213.			
Disposition of Claims					
4) ☐ Claim(s) 3 and 5-14 is/are pending in the appli 4a) Of the above claim(s) 5-12 is/are withdrawr 5) ☐ Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) ☐ Claim(s) 3, 13-14 is/are rejected. 7) ☐ Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) ☐ Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/o	n from consideration.				
Application Papers					
9) The specification is objected to by the Examine	er.				
10)⊠ The drawing(s) filed on <u>03 November 2005</u> is/a		ted to by the Examiner.			
Applicant may not request that any objection to the	drawing(s) be held in abeyance. Se	e 37 CFR 1.85(a).			
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct					
11) ☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex	kaminer. Note the attached Office	e Action or form PTO-152.			
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119					
a) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign a) All b) Some * c) None of:  1. Certified copies of the priority document 2. Certified copies of the priority document 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority document application from the International Bureau * See the attached detailed Office action for a list	ts have been received. ts have been received in Applicat ority documents have been receive u (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	tion No red in this National Stage			
Attachment(s)					
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)	4) Interview Summary				
<ul> <li>2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)</li> <li>3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08)</li> <li>Paper No(s)/Mail Date</li> </ul>	Paper No(s)/Mail D  5) Notice of Informal F  6) Other:	Pate Patent Application (PTO-152)			

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#### **DETAILED ACTION**

### Election/Restrictions

1. This application contains claims 5-12 drawn to an invention nonelected without traverse in Paper No. 11/03/2005. A complete reply to the final rejection must include cancellation of nonelected claims or other appropriate action (37 CFR 1.144). See MPEP § 821.01.

# Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 2. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
  - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 3. Claims 3 and 13-14 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Schultz et al., US 6,819,316, in view of Kato et al., US 6,456,198.

As per Claim 3, Schultz discloses a capacitance sensor (1) having specified directionality, said capacitance sensor comprising:

detection electrodes (plurality of electrodes 9);

an insulating material insulating said detection electrodes from each other (see column 8, lines 35-43, in particular lines 39-40); and

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a main body (1) containing said detection electrodes (9) and said insulating material and having a detection surface (active area 2) defined by said directionality, said detection surface having unevenness (unevenness of surface as shown in FIG. 2 & 3): and

a protective cover (13) covering said detection electrodes (9), said protective cover (column 9, lines 1-4) having a plurality of mutually adjacent protrusions with thickness decreasing in the direction of protrusion (see FIG. 2 & 3 for a wavelike shape of the cover).

Schultz does not disclose

a shield electrode inside said main body, said shield electrode being open toward said detection surface, said detection electrodes being disposed inside said shield electrode; and

a protective cover covering said shield electrode and said detection electrodes.

Kato discloses a capacitive sensor comprising:

a shield electrode (composed of **73**, **74**) inside said main body (**61**), said shield electrode being open toward said detection surface (toward **54**), said detection electrodes (**71**) being disposed inside said shield electrode (See FIG. 7); and

a protective cover (case 61 and top member 54) covering said shield electrode (composed of 73, 74) and said detection electrodes (71).

Therefore, it would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art to include a shield electrode and a protective cover, as taught by Kato in the sensor of Schultz, in order to protect the detection electrodes.

As per Claim 13, Schultz further discloses the capacitance sensor, wherein said mutually adjacent protrusions are directed externally (see FIG. 2 & 3).

As per Claim 14, Schultz, as modified, discloses the capacitance sensor as applied to Claim 13, above.

Schultz does not disclose said mutually adjacent protrusions serve to prevent water drops from becoming connected continuously.

Kato discloses an uneven surface (triangular surface of **54**), which serves to prevent water drops from becoming connected continuously (i.e. water-repellent surface: column 4, lines 42-47).

Therefore, it would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to use a water-repellent surface as taught by Kato, in the sensor of Schultz, in order to prevent infiltration of moisture into the interior of the sensor, making it possible to keep the charge quantity on the chargeable member in the static state, and thus maintaining a high detection precision (Kato: column 4, lines 42-47).

## Conclusion

4. The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure. Speakman, US 6,503,831, discloses a capacitive sensor with an uneven surface with several adjacent protrusions with thickness decreasing in the

direction of each protrusion. Tsuruoka et al., US 5,992,240, discloses detection electrodes, an insulating material insulating said detection electrodes from each other, and a main body containing said detection electrodes and said insulating material and having a detection surface defined by said directionality, said detection surface having unevenness. Zimmerman et al., US 6,437,772, discloses a capacitive sensor wherein the unevenness of the surface has a plurality of mutually adjacent protrusions with thickness decreasing in the direction of each protrusion.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Marina Kramskaya whose telephone number is (571)272-2146. The examiner can normally be reached on M-F 7:00-4:00.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Diane Lee can be reached on (571)272-2399. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

## Marina Kramskaya

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Examiner
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M. Mumshaya
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MK

DIANE LEE SUPERVISORY PATENT

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